

PRACTICE 4

1. Calculate, for what period of time will the average formation pressure reduce from 12 to 10 MPa in the deposit being developed under solution gas drive, if a change of oils saturation declined from 0.85 to 0.7. The flowrate is constant and equals 15 m³/day. Under oil saturation 0.85- the volume formation factor is 1.4; under oil saturation 0,7 - the volume formation factor is 1.3. The radius drainage boundary is 220 m, the thickness **of the** layer 10 m, porosity 12%. What oil recovery factor can be achieved while?

$$P_1=12 \text{ MPa}$$

$$P_2=10 \text{ MPa}$$

$$s_1=0.85$$

$$s_2=0.7$$

$$Q=15 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$$

$$b_1=1.4$$

$$b_2=1.3$$

$$R_d=220 \text{ m}$$

$$h=10 \text{ m}$$

$$m=12\%=0.12$$

$$T = \frac{\Omega}{Q} \cdot \left(\frac{s_1}{b_1} - \frac{s_2}{b_2} \right) = \frac{182371.2}{15} \cdot \left(\frac{0.85}{1.4} - \frac{0.7}{1.3} \right) = 835.033 \text{ day}$$

$$\Omega = \pi \cdot R_d^2 \cdot h \cdot m = 3.14 \cdot 220^2 \cdot 10 \cdot 0.12 = 182371.2 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\eta = 1 - \frac{s_2 \cdot b_1}{s_1 \cdot b_2} = 1 - \frac{0.7 \cdot 1.4}{0.85 \cdot 1.3} = 0.11 = 11\%$$