

Calculation task № 24

Determine the liquid flow capacity of the vertical gravitational separator for the following data: the diameter of the separator is 2.35 m, the density of liquid is 840 kg/m³, the density of gas under conditions of separation is 21 kg/m³, the dynamic viscosity of liquid is 2.7 mPa·s, the estimated diameter of gas bubbles is 0.15 mm.

Data :

$$D_s = 2.35 \text{ m}$$

$$\rho_{g.s} = 21 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$d_{g.b.} := 0.15 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

$$\mu_L = 2.7 \text{ mPa} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$\rho_L = 840 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3}$$

$$g := 9.81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

Determine : $Q_{L.v.s.}$ – ?

Solution

The liquid flow capacity of the vertical gravitational separator :

$$Q_{L.v.s.} = \frac{\pi \cdot D_s^2}{4} \cdot \frac{d_{g.b.}^2 \cdot (\rho_L - \rho_{g.s}) \cdot g}{18 \cdot \mu_L \cdot 10^{-3}} \quad (1)$$

where D_s is diameter of the separator, m ; ρ_L is density of liquid, kg/m³; $\rho_{g.s}$ is the density of gas under conditions of separation, kg/m³; μ_L is the dynamic viscosity of liquid, Pa·s; $d_{g.b.}$ is the estimated diameter of gas bubbles, m ; $Q_{L.v.s.}$ is liquid flow capacity of the vertical gravitational separator, m³/s.

$$Q_{L.v.s.} = \frac{\pi \cdot 2.35^2}{4} \cdot \frac{(1.5 \times 10^{-4})^2 \cdot (840 - 21) \cdot 9.81}{18 \cdot 2.7 \cdot 10^{-3}} = 0.016 \frac{m^3}{s} =$$

$$= 0.016 \cdot 86400 = 1382.4 \frac{m^3}{day}$$

$$\text{Answer : } Q_{L.v.s.} = 0.016 \frac{m^3}{s} = 1382.4 \frac{m^3}{day}$$